Hi!

Ivan Pauletti

User Experience & Interface Developer



Hi! "Batata" Potato....

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User Experience & Interface Developer







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User Experience & Interface Developer

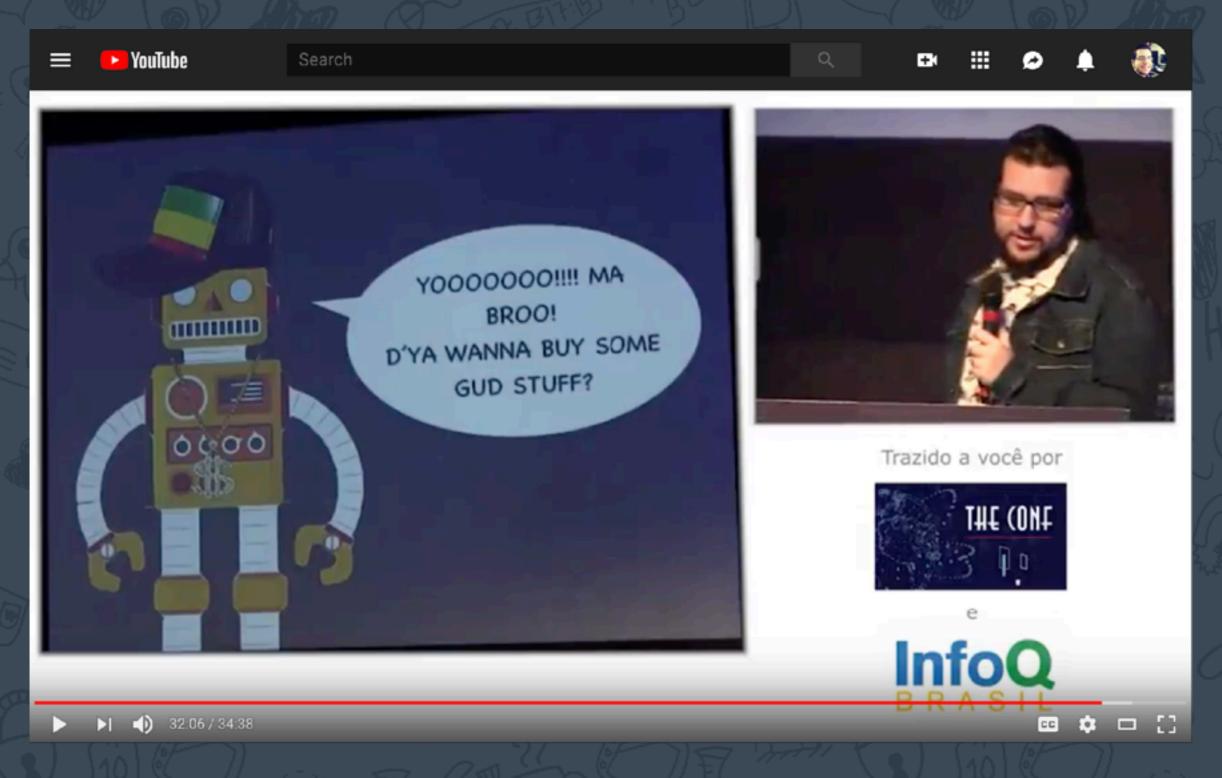






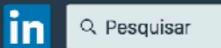
Cognizant

INDOVATON!



Designing Experiences for Chatbots
The Conf 2017

How to DESTROY any idea with a little (really, too little) Psychology.

















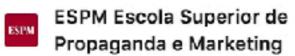
UX Designer & Front End Developer

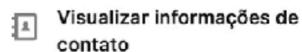
São Paulo, São Paulo, Brasil

Adicionar seção do perfil 🔻

Mais...







Visualizar conexões (+ de 500)

Totally passionate for the user experience of things, from a book to an advanced smartphone, Ivan is software usability enthusiast and how it must be used in favor of the easy and intuitive conception of software and hardware. "How to solve one of the major e-book readers problems? "The 'fast-flippin...









Designer 2017 edition



I'm curious!

I have **empathy!**

I have great taste!

Designer

2017 edition



Designer

2017 edition



Developer

I build.. things



Designer



Psychologist

Here to help!

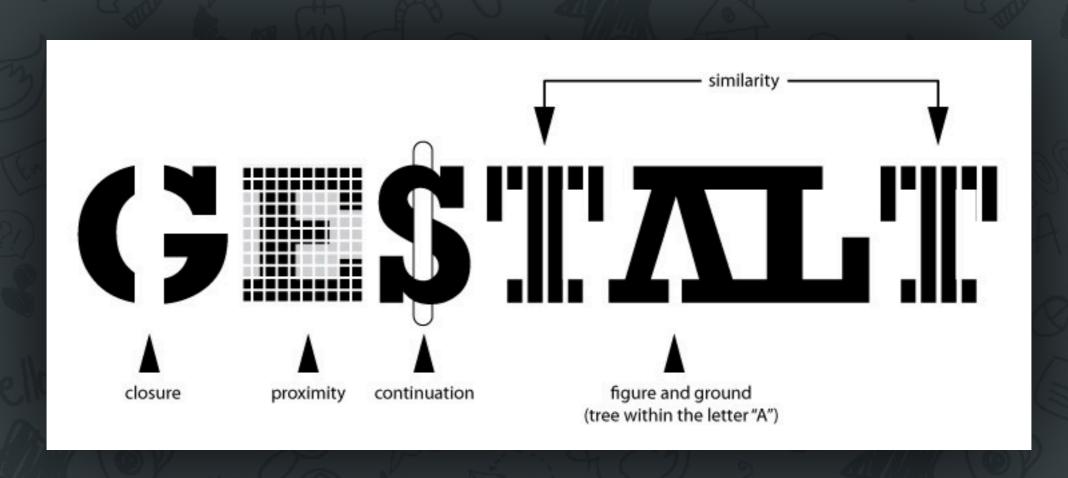
Loneliness!

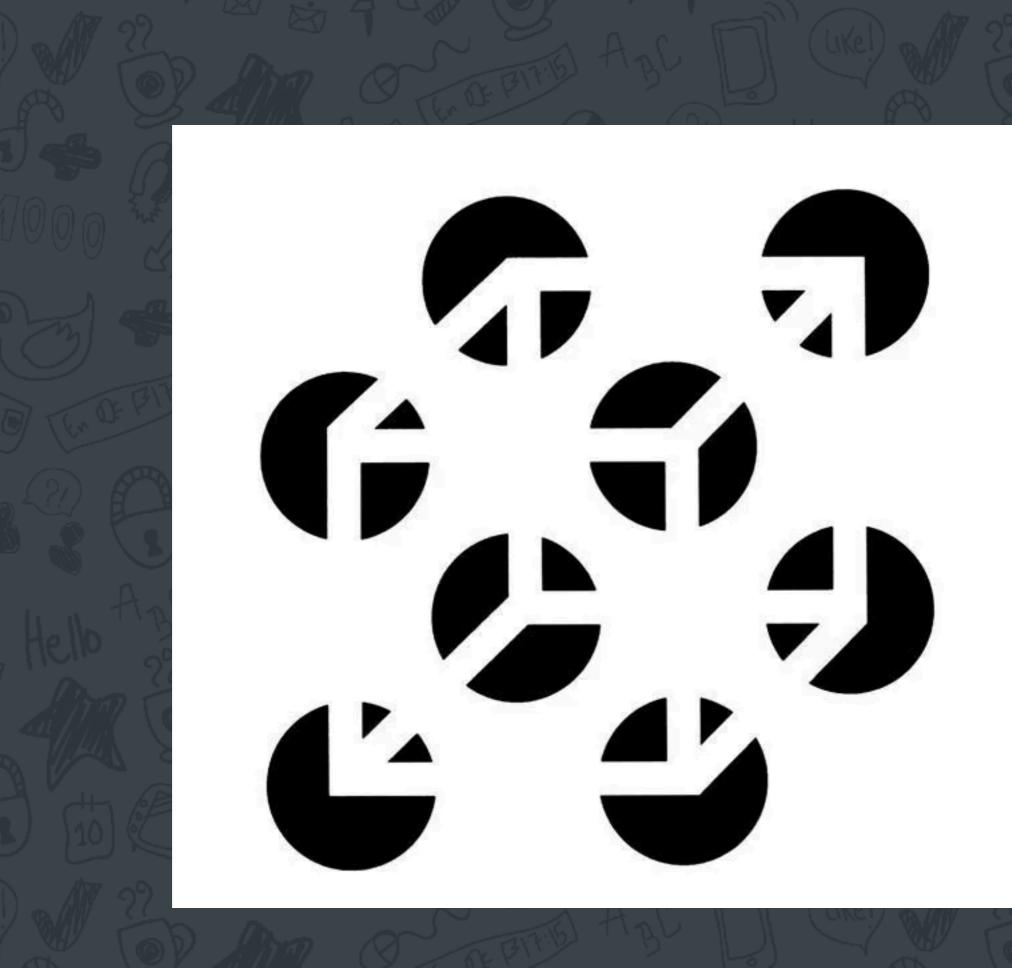


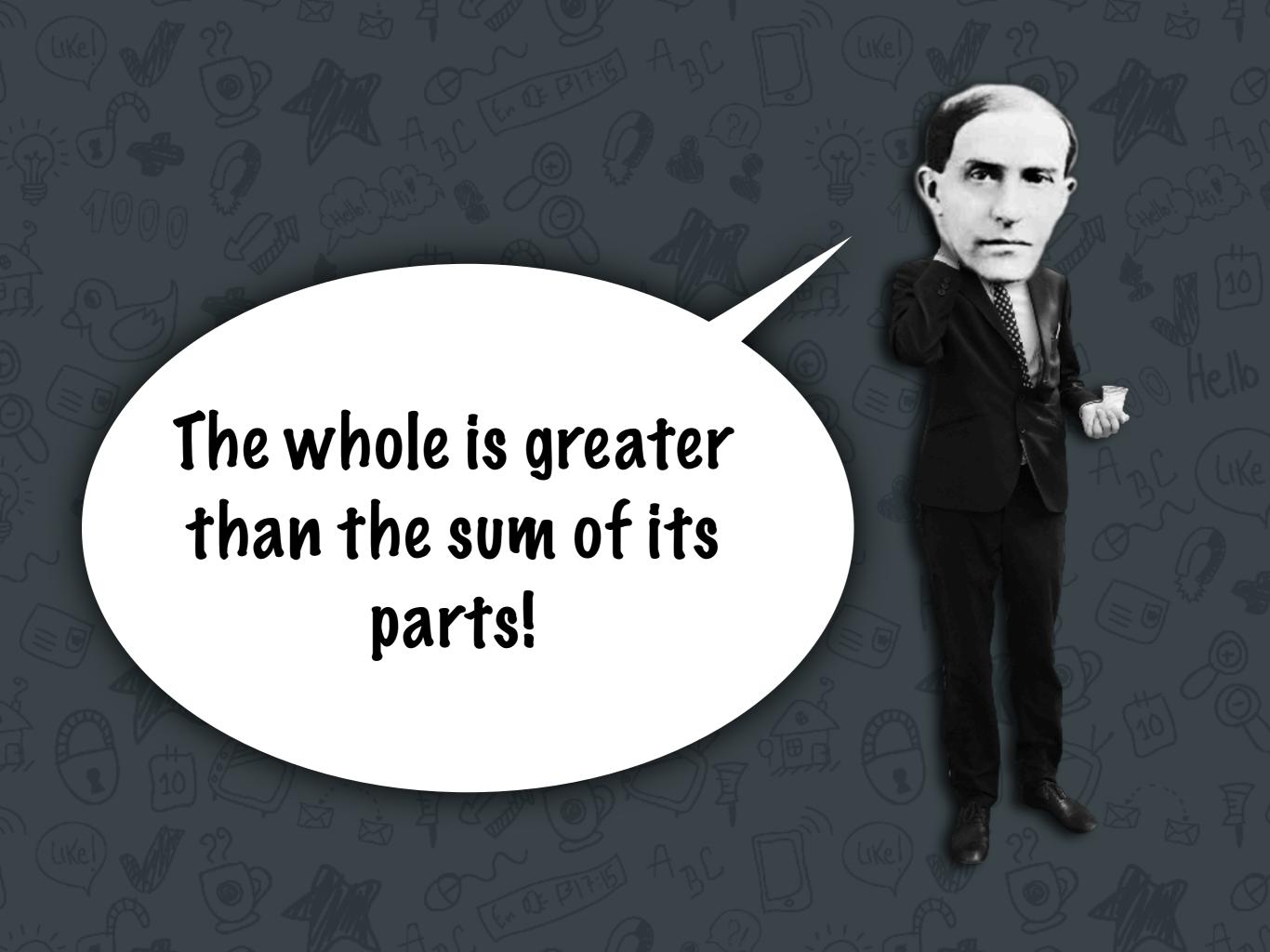


Psychologist

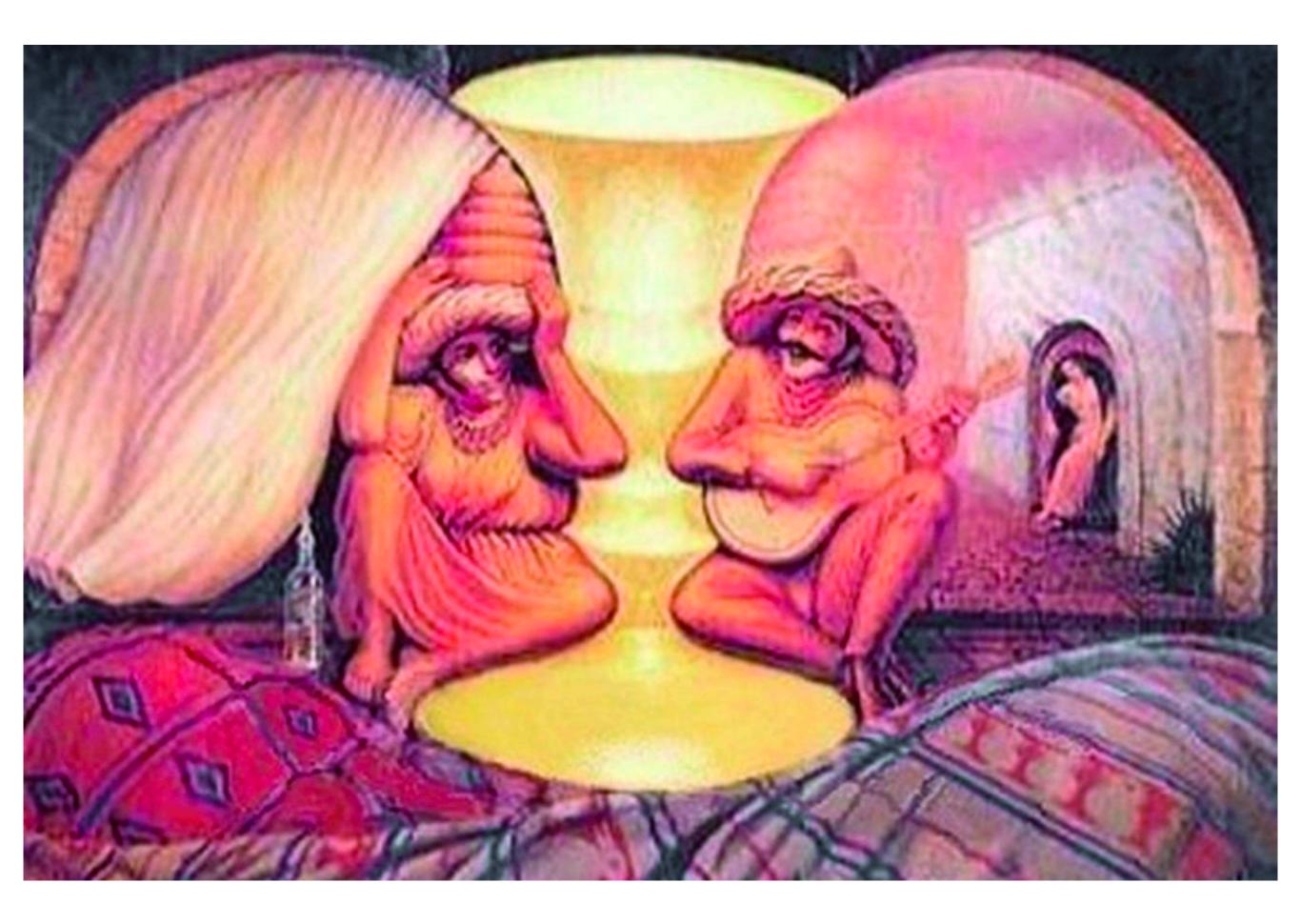
Here to help!











Law of Similarity

Law of Common Fate

SUBSCRIBE

CANCEL

CLICK TO DOWNLOAD

DELETE

SAVE

SAVE



André Souza Cognitive Psychologist



User Experience Researcher

Google

User Experience & Design Mountain View, CA, USA





At Google, User Experience Researchers (UXRs) help everyone focus on the user. In this role, you will create understanding and empathy around user needs, stated and unstated, for your entire product team including designers, product managers, and engineers. You will do so by conducting primary research, exploring the behaviors and motivations of our users through methods like field visits, ethnography, surveys, usability testing, and logs analysis. Your research will help us create useful, usable, and delightful new products and features for people as well as continually innovating on our existing products. You'll inspire change at all stages of product development by delivering compelling, written, in-person and visual presentations on your findings.

The UXR community at Google is unique. As part of our group, you will have the chance to work not only with the other UXRs on your immediate team but to work and learn from UXRs across the company through regular in-person meetups, established mentorship programs, access to our internal research tools, and 20% projects. Google is a place where UXRs can do their best work.

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and make it universally accessible and useful. Only one thing consistently stands in the way between our users and the world's information - hardware. Our Hardware team researches, designs, and develops new technologies and hardware to make our user's interaction with computing faster, more powerful, and seamless. Whether finding new ways to capture and sense the world around us, advancing form factors, or improving interaction methods, our Hardware team is making people's lives better through technology.

Responsibilities

- Conduct independent research on multiple aspects of products and experiences.
- Collect and analyze user behavior through lab studies, field visits, ethnography, surveys, benchmark studies, server logs, and online experiments (A/B testing).
- . Work with Designers, Product Managers, Engineers, and other UXRs to prioritize research opportunities in a fast-paced, rapidly changing environment.
- · Understand and incorporate complex technical and business requirements into research.
- Advocate research find

 written reports and in-person presentations.

Qualifications

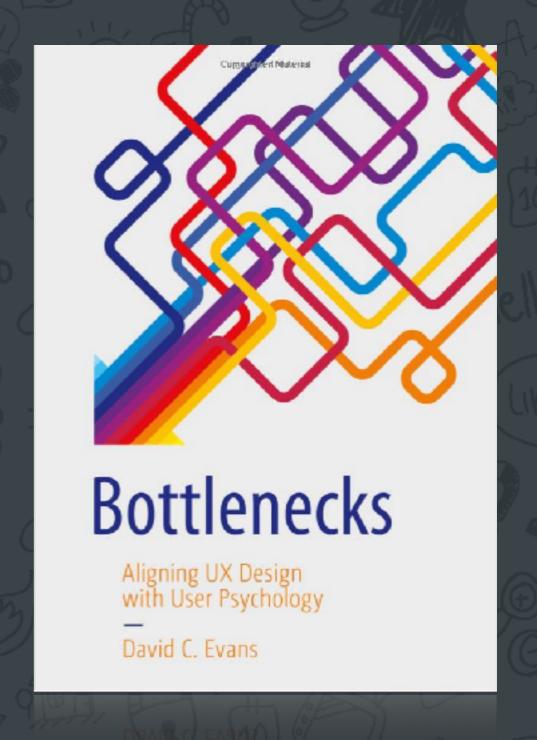
Minimum qualifications:

- BA/BS degree in Anthropology, Human Factors, Psychology, HCI/Computer Science or other related fields or equivalent practical experience.
- 4 years of work experience.
- · Experience conducting semi-structured interviews, contextual field visits, usability studies either live or remote (e.g. Userzoom or usertesting.com).

Preferred qualifications:

- . M.S./M.A. or Ph.D. in a related field or equivalent practical experience.
- Experience integrating user research into product designs and design practices.
- Experience in survey design (ie: Qualtrics). Experience working with statistics and experimental design.
- Experience with internet search, advertising, and curation within mobile, apps or development environments.
- Demonstrated understanding of the strengths and shortcomings of different research methods, including when and how to apply them during the product development process.
- Excellent interpersonal, communication and collaboration skills.

Forjust as chemistry is the science behind good cooking, psychology is the science behind good design. ""

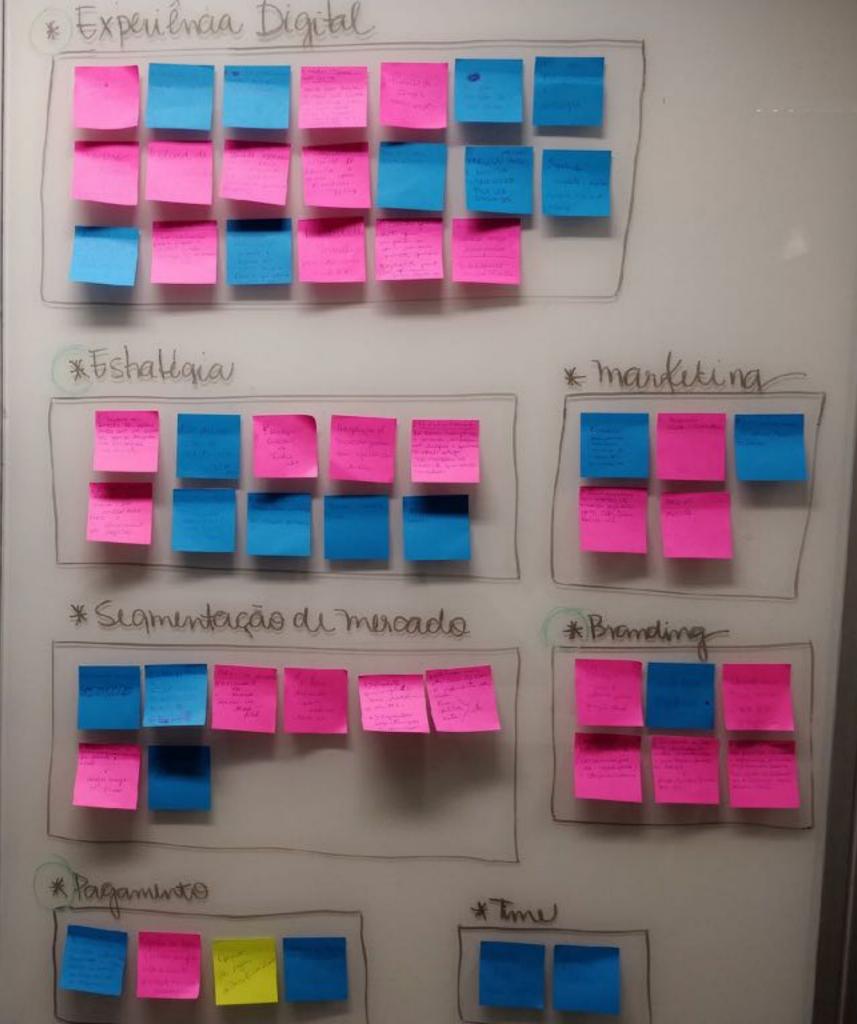








*Procluto







No business plan survives the first contact with a customer 35

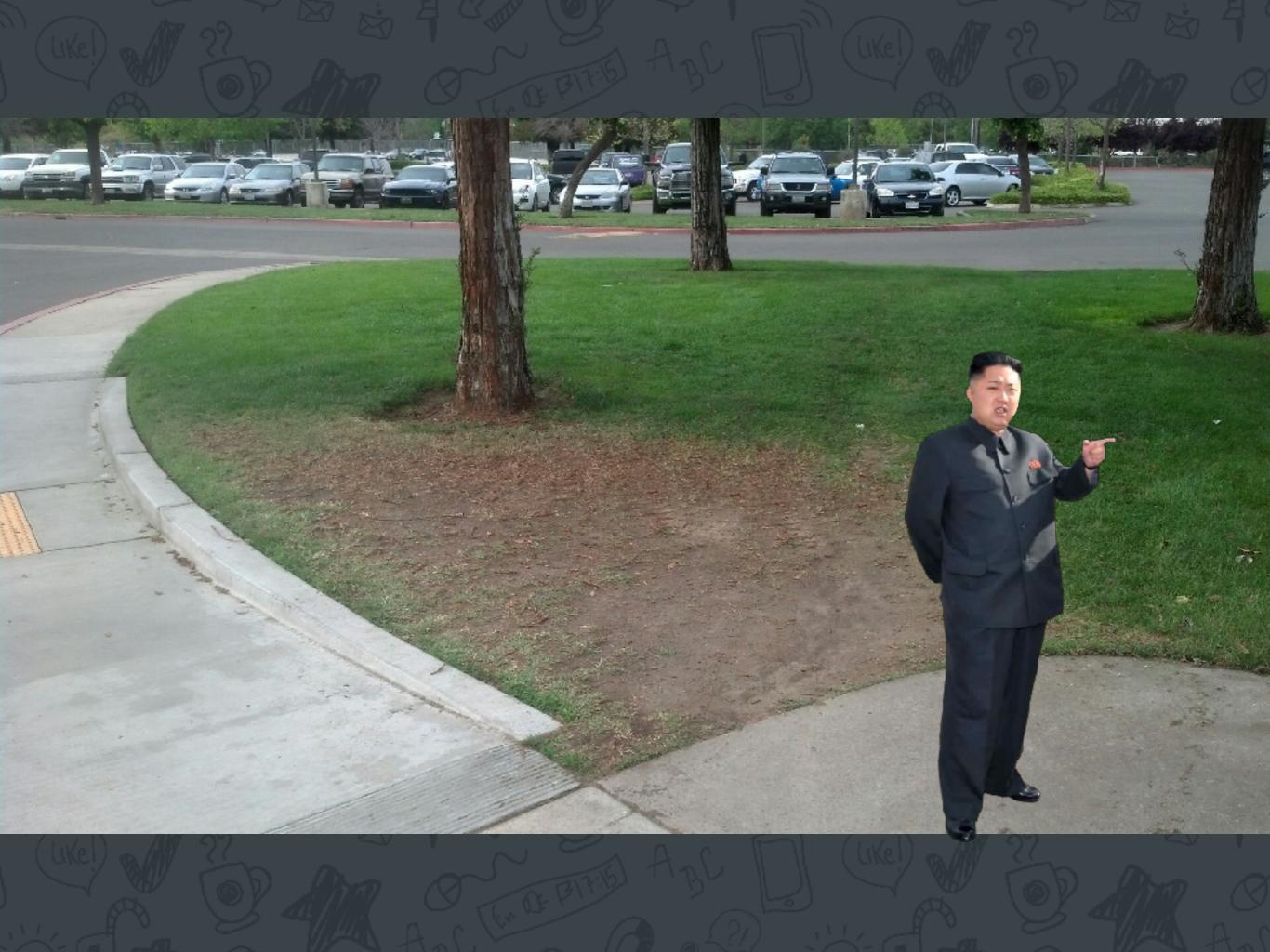
THE STARTUP OWNER'S MANUAL

The Step-by-Step Guide for Building a Great Company

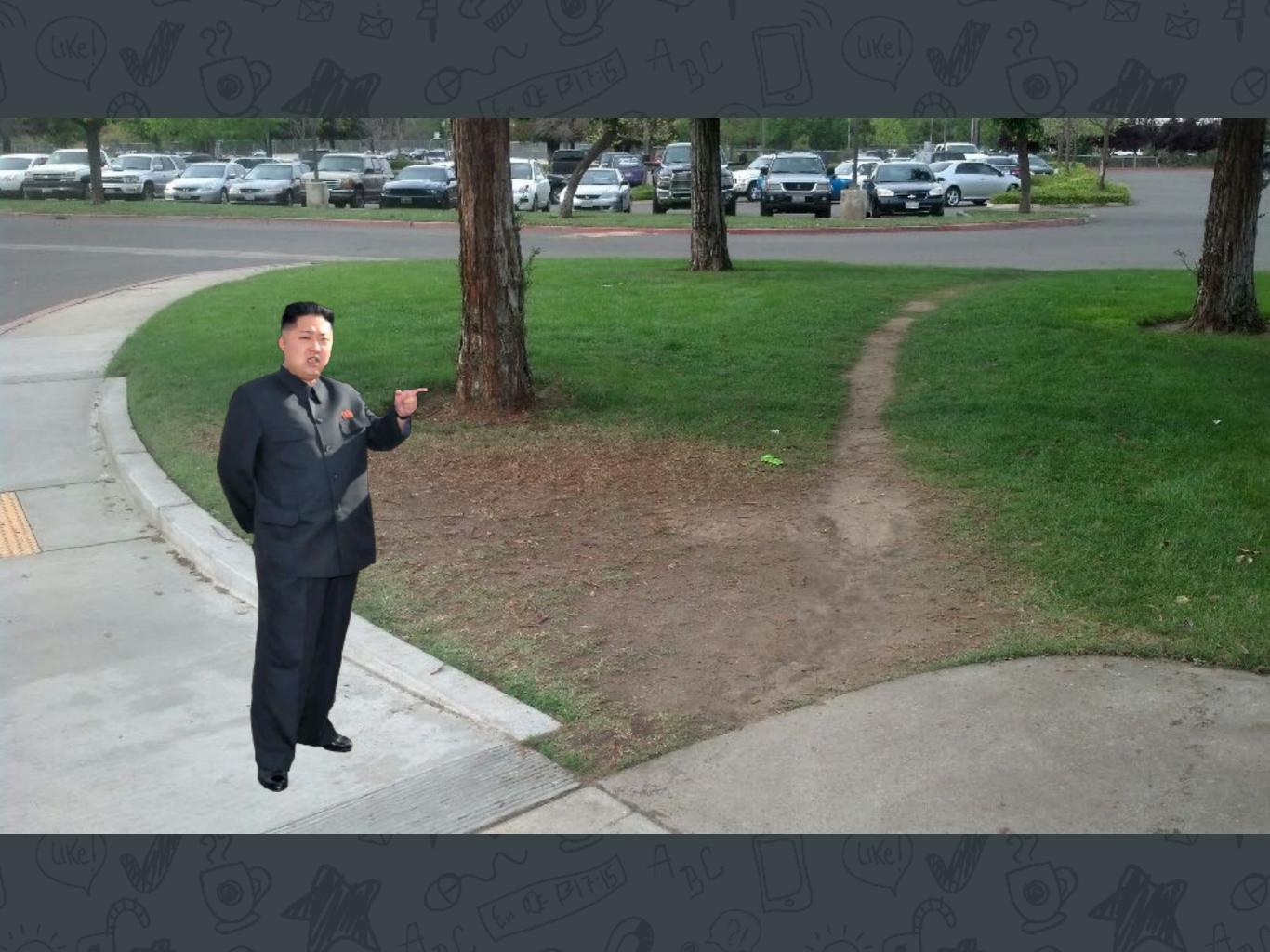
Steve Blank and Bob Dorf

Steve Blank and Bob Dorn



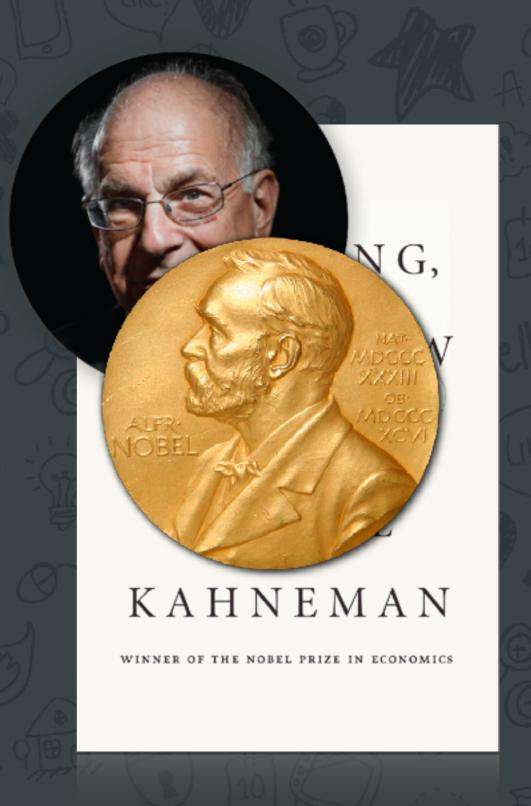




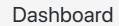


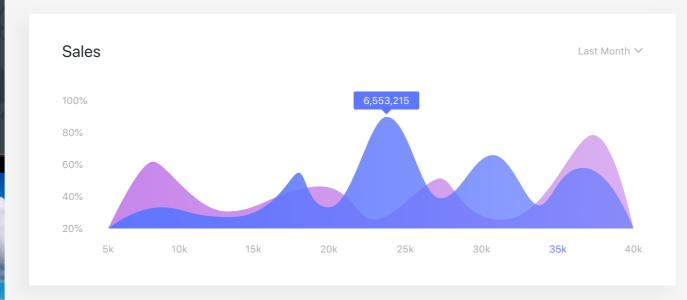


How a different group of people can have different interpretations and judgements, sometimes on the opposite way of the rational choice. ""



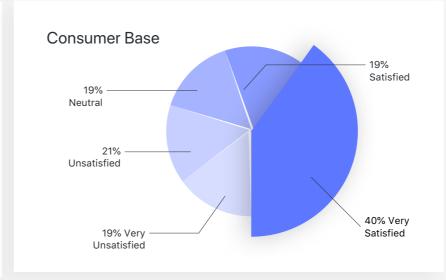






Recent Documents

- Booking Revenue
 March 08, 2017
- Opportunity Status March 01, 2017
- Average Sales Revenue February 16, 2017
- Average Sales Revenue February 16, 2017





Confirmation bias





230 crashes

Pro-choice bias





230 crashes

50 crashes

Base rate fallacy





230 crashes
1.000.000 users
0,023% crashrate

50 crashes2.000 users2,5% crash rate

Base rate fallacy

Pro-choice bias

Confirmation bias



Choice supportive bias Naive realism

Sub-additivity bias Contrast effect

Survivorship

False

Google effect Reactance

consensus

Cross-race Framing

Belief bias

Well travelled road effect Unity

Backfire effect Zero-risk bias

Expectation bias Clustering illusion

Zeigarnik

Pareidolia

effect Forer effect

IKEA

Status quo

effect

Fundamental attribution error

Worse-than-average effect

Sexual over perception bias

Stereotyping **Blind spot**

Emotional

Bandwagon

effect

Cryptomnesia

Moral luck Halo effect

Semmelweis

reflex

Irrational escalation **Focalism** Law of the

Instrument Illusion of

control

Restraint bias

Actor-observer

Systemic bias

Third-person effect

Rhyme as reason

Neglect of probability

The post purchase

racionalization

Restraint

Recency illusion

Hindsight bias **Belief bias**

False

memory Placebo

effect

Less is

Better

Cheerleader effect Anthropomorphism Confirmation bias Implicit stereotype

Woman are wonderful effect IIIIcit

transference **Hot-hand**

fallacy Declinism **Authority bias**

System justification

Time saving Social disability

Not invented here bias

bias

Overconfidence

Context effect

Prejudice bias

Selective perception

Social comparison bias Peltzman effect

Courtesy bias

In-group bias

Loss

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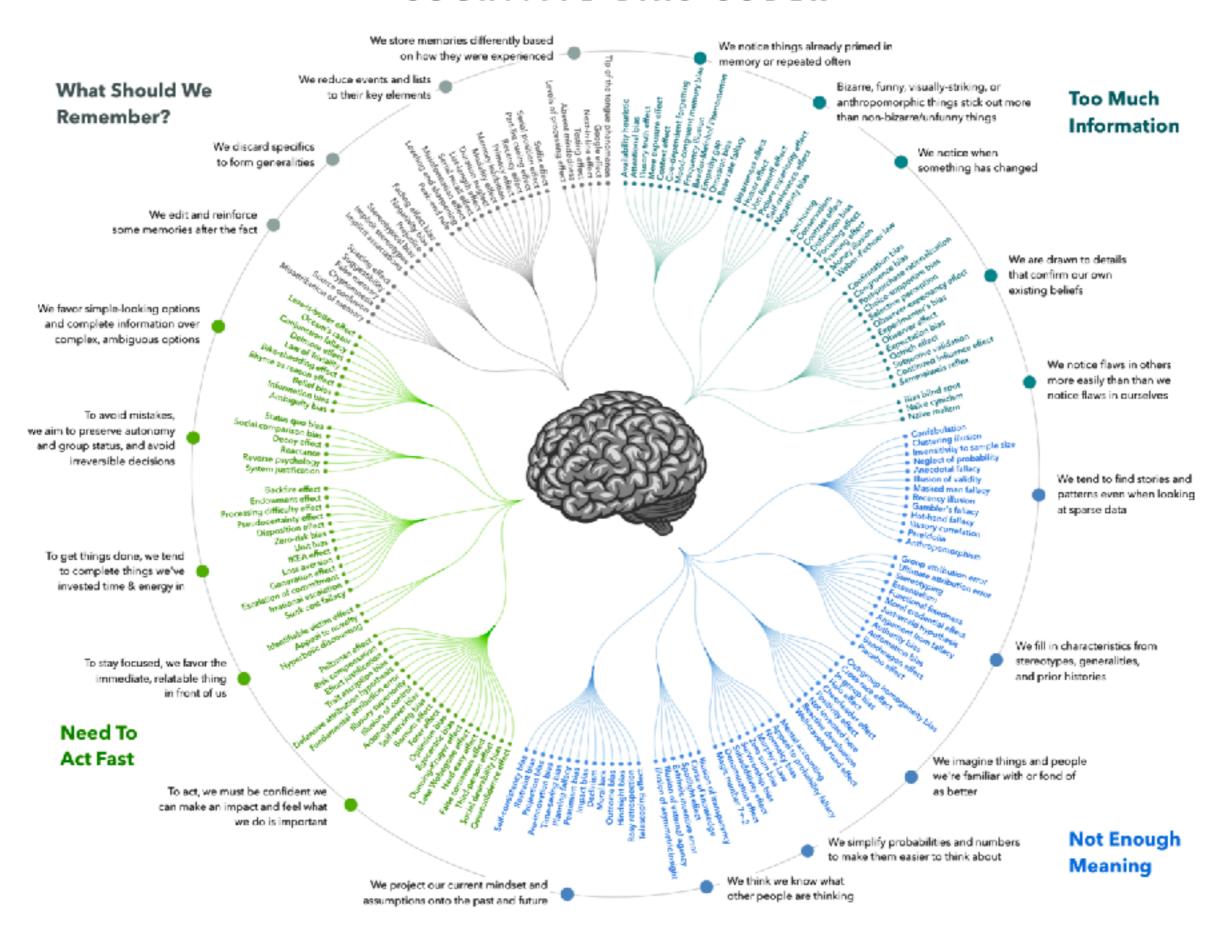
Loss

Aversion

The Zero-sum

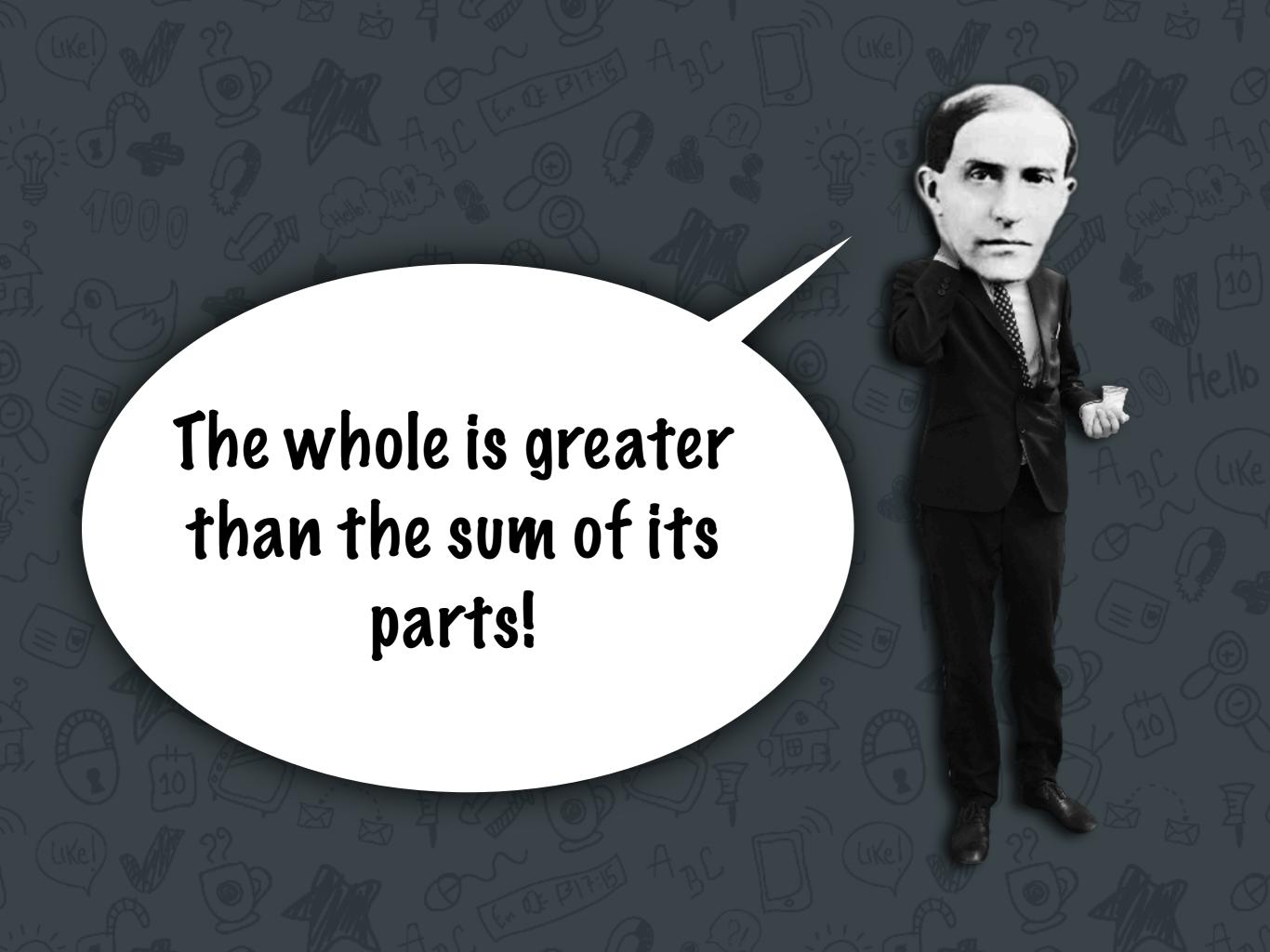
Weber-Fechner law Attentional bias

COGNITIVE BIAS CODEX





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Ď	Position +	District +	Population 2010 ♦	Census 2000 ¢
	1	Grajaú	444.593	333.436
_	2	Sapopemba	296.042	282.239
2	3	Jardim Ângela	291.798	245.805
	4	Brasilândia	280.069	247.328
2/	5	Capão Redondo	275.230	240.793
	6	Jardim São Luís	261.586	239.161
	7	Cidade Ademar	248.215	243.372
,	8	Itaim Paulista	241.026	212.733
	9	Sacomã	237.769	228.283
×	10	Jaraguá	220.292	201.512
	11	Cidade Tiradentes	219.868	190.657
	12	Campo Limpo	216.098	191.527
	13	Jabaquara	212.504	214.095
9	14	Cidade Dutra	203.473	191.389
	15	Itaquera	199.824	145.900
	16	Tremembé	185.731	163.803
	17	Lajeado	185.184	157.773





Choice supportive bias Naive realism

Sub-additivity bias Contrast effect

Survivorship

False

Google effect Reactance

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Cross-race **Belief bias**

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Districts with higher people displacements to work (last mile)

- Central side (Consolação, Pinheiros, República, Sé, Bela Vista)
- Southside (Brooklin, Vila Olímpia, Moema)
- Westside (Pompéia, Lapa, Perdizes)

Deslocamentos pendulares na região metropolitana de São Paulo

Cláudia Ântico

Doutora em Demografia, Consultora na Fundap (SP-Brasil)

RESUMO

O principal objetivo deste trabalho é analisar os deslocamentos pendulares ocorridos na Região Metropolitana de São Paulo como um indicativo de desigualdades e da heterogeneidade espacial e social existentes na região. A abordagem do tema foi felta em diferentes recortes espaciais para analisar os tipos de fluxos pendulares estabelecidos nos diversificados contextos sub-regionais. A principal fonte de dados utilizada foi o Censo Demográfico 2000.

Palavras-chave: Deslocamentos pendulares. População. Região Metropolitana de São Paulo.

ABSTRACT

This study has aimed at analysing the commutings in the metropolitan area of São Paulo as an indication of inequalities and of social and spacial heteregoneity in the area. The theme has been approached in different spacial units to analyse the types of commutings established among the diversified subregional contexts. The main source of data used in this study was Demographic Census 2000.

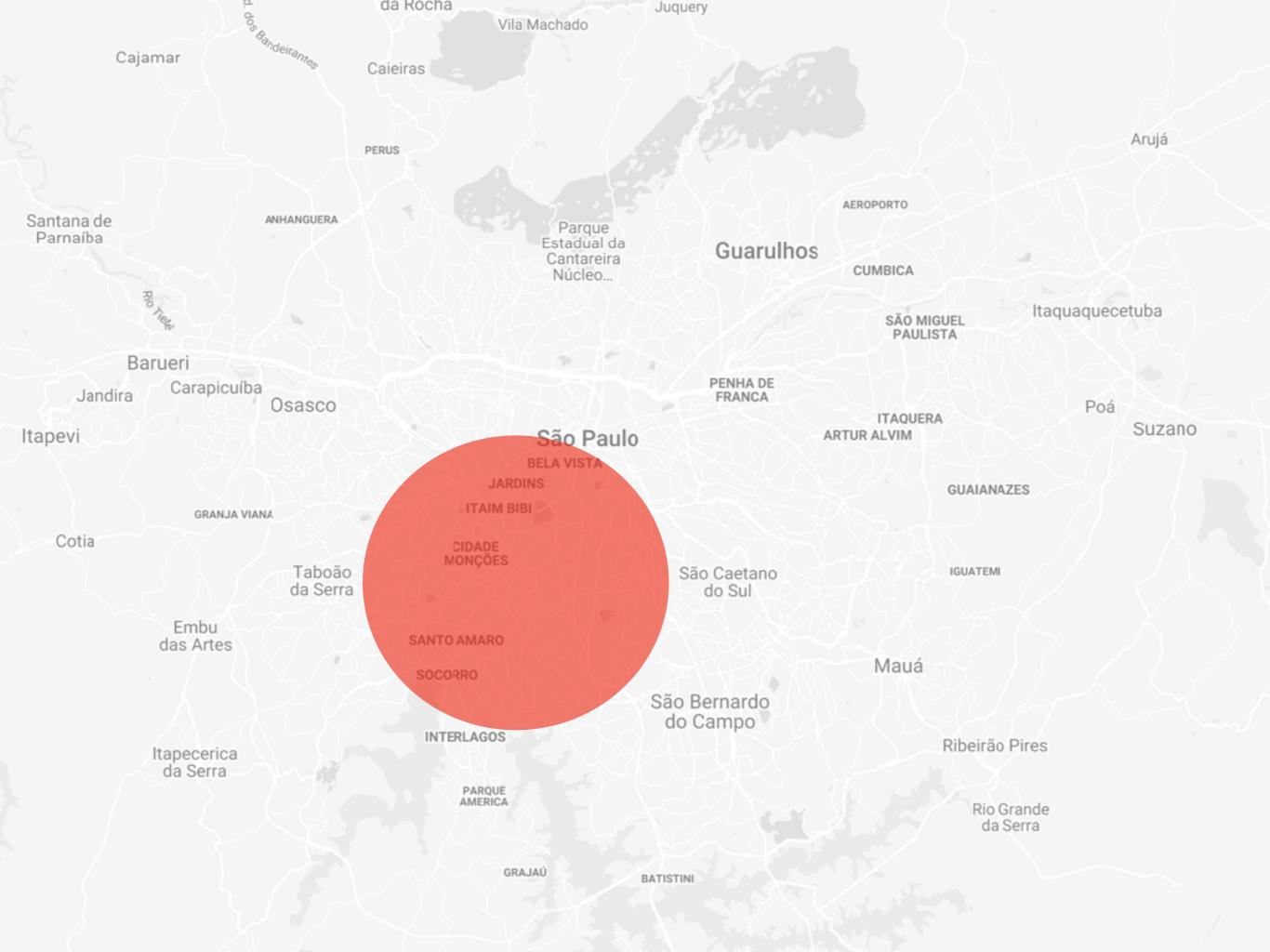
Key words: Commutings. Population. Metropolitan Arez of São Paulo.

Os dados do Censo Demográfico 2000¹ revelaram que, no Brasil, 7,4 milhões de pessoas trabalhavam ou estudavam em municípios diferentes daqueles onde residiam. Esse tipo de deslocamento era realizado, principalmente, por residentes nos Estados de São Paulo e Rio de Janeiro, que registraram 29,2% (2,1 milhões) e 13,2% (980 mil), respectivamente, do total co país. A Região Metropolitana de São Paulo - RMSP concentrava 54,8% (1,1 milhão) dos que trabalhavam ou estudavam fora do município e residiam no Estado, e entre seus municípios, Osasco (116 mil), São Paulo (114 mil), Santo André (95 mil) e Guarulhos (94 mil) apresentaram os maiores contingentes, caracterizando, assim, esse deslocamento populacional como um fenômeno urbano concentrado em grandes cidades.

Entre os residentes na RMSP que trabalhavam ou estudavam fora do município de residência, 91% o faziam em municípios situados na própria RMSP, 6% em outras Unidades da Federação - UFs ou países e 3% em outros municípios do interior do Estado de São Paulo, revelando o grande dinamismo interno metropolitano.

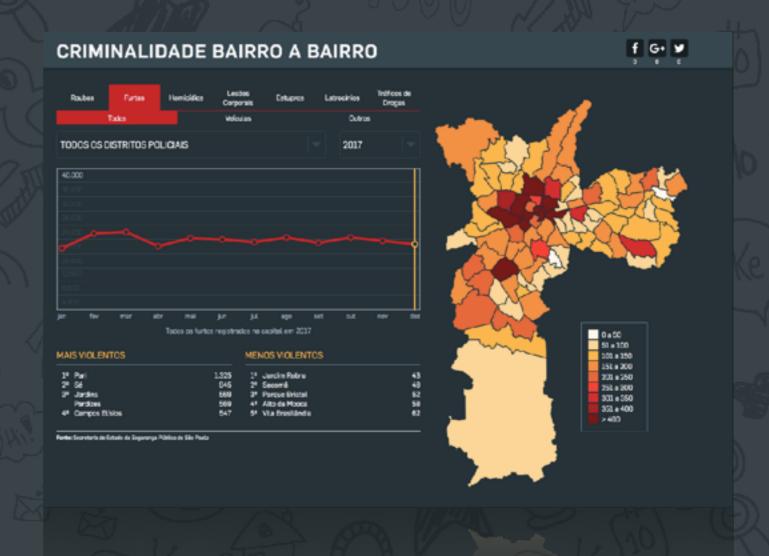
Os deslocamentos pendulares, caracterizados como um tipo de mobilidade populacional intra-urbana, mais intensos em áreas de maior concentração da população, tornaram-se um importante aspecto a ser considerado na dinâmica urbana metropolitana. Constituem uma dimensão da organização e da alocação das atividades econômicas, são mediatizados pela confluência dos processos de transformação do espaço urbano, e derivados, em grande parte, da sua forma de expansão e de ocupação pela população, além da distribuição das funções urbanas.

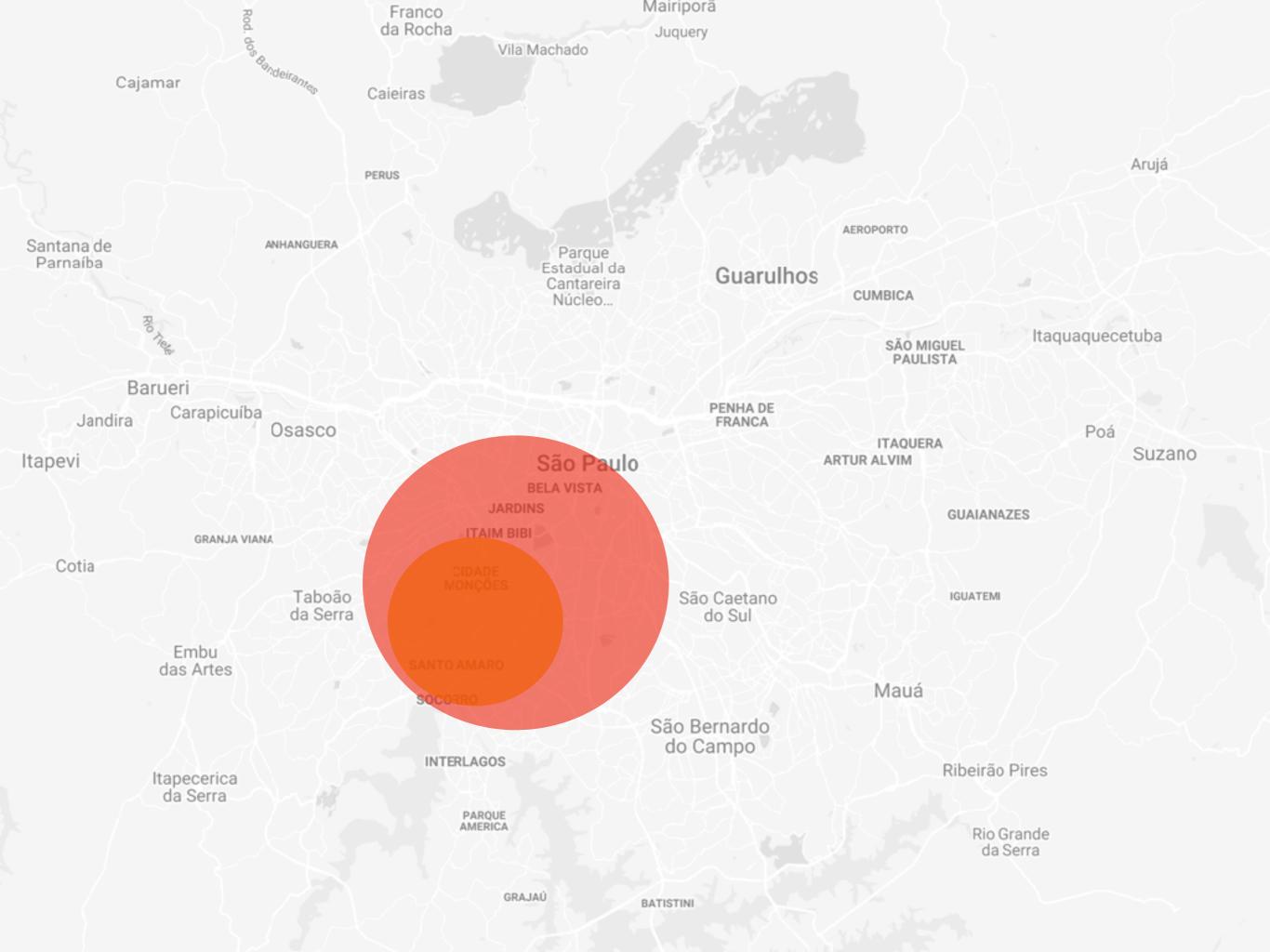
Grande São Paulo, caracterizada tanto pela intensidade e riqueza de seu dinamismo econômico e populaciona como pelas fortes desigualdades sociais e heterogeneidade espacial. A RMSP concentra polaridades e processos contraditórios, apresenta diferentes faces em sua dinâmica intra-urbana e em sua configuração

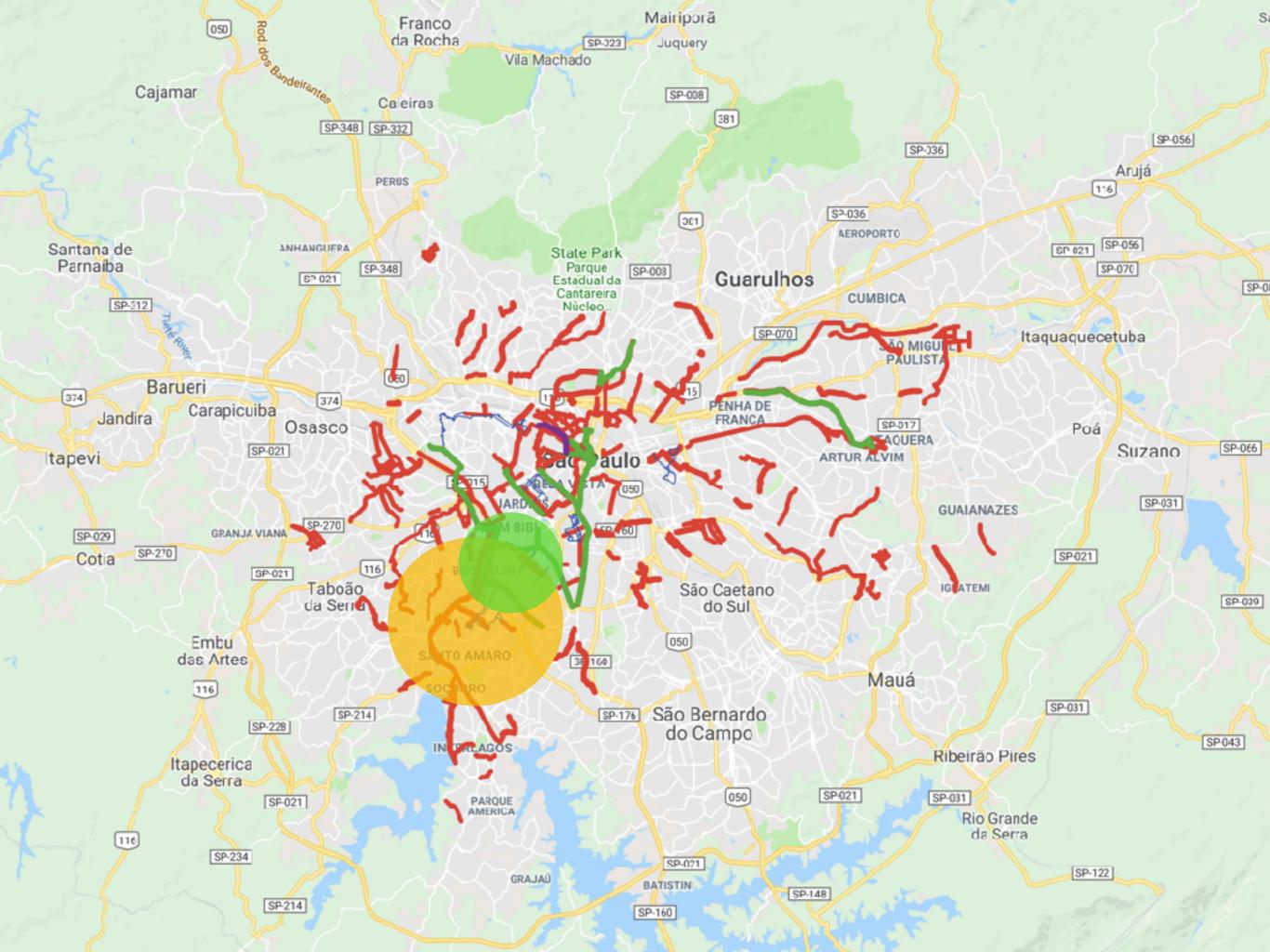


Safest districts

- Central side (Consolação, Pinheiros, República, Sé, Bela Vista)
- Southside (Brooklin, Vila Olímpia, Moema)
- Westside (Pompéia, Lapa, Perdizes)









Bias









hustyrider_te450 • Seguir

huskyrider_te450 3 Day go just tofast for this City... i loved every Second of it. One Day, I will go back.

APeris#TravelARcisen#limitorew#hunteriga rgsos#joar#husky/ider#around#theAgiote Afraniosion#franceValeleblue#ei*feltarm#to ureffeltmonalsu#linvermotexdame#quusim ode#freem#oity#im#out



0 Q Û

10 curticas

HÉ THORA

dicione um comentário...

· Nuste du Jouvre

czdober #monalisa finally met you



Macepedra • Seguir

Illicorpades Interestive and mind blewing! A visit to the Louvre when in Paris is a must. Fead more at https://www.mv-own-taveis.com/suropelmuse--du-louvre/. Mone Liae lathe only basity who went through history and retained her regulation. — Will Fogers — **Ppar's **Plance #louvre through history and retained her regulation. — Will Fogers — ***Ppar's **Plance #louvre through history and paris when the paris

kmagut Great!! Check my page, you'll like it!

townhouseworkshop Keep going!!



20 purtidas

Adisione um comertária...

OQL

...

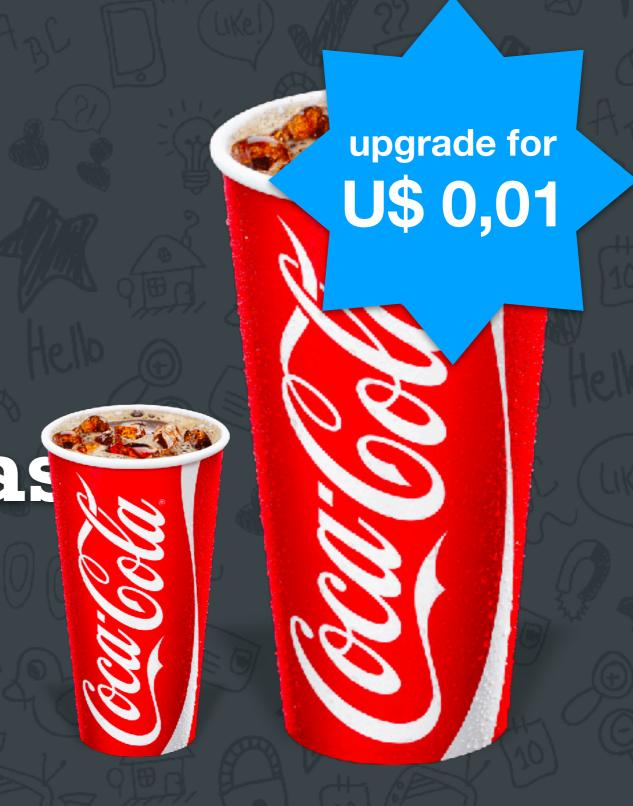
Bias





Decoy Effect

The tendency of change prices or **Bias** features in favor of a specific option



Bias

Negativity Bias

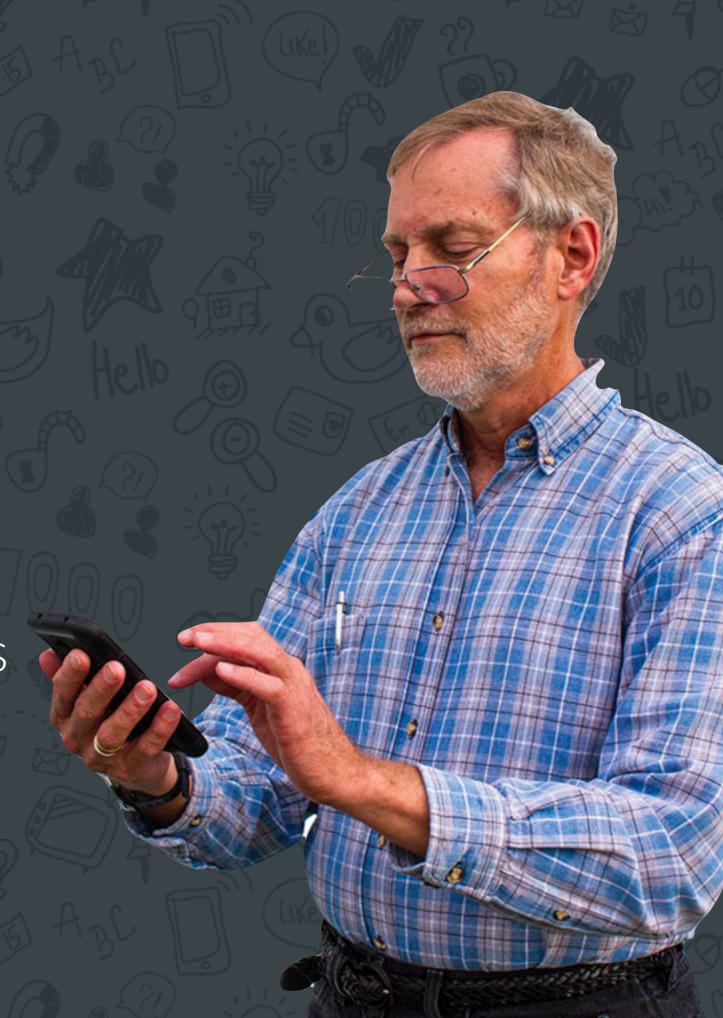
Greater recall of negative experiences compared to positive ones.

products, services and offers that might interest you. Click on the Register button to submit this form and indicate your consent to receiving marketing communications by post, phone, email, text and other electronic means. If you do not wish to receive such communications, please tick the relevant box(es) below.							
If you do not wish to receive communications from please tick the relevant box(es)							
□ Post	Telephone	□ Email	☐ Text/other electronic means				

Bias

Blind spot Bias

Tendency to see yourself less biased than other people, or to be able to identify more cognitive biases in others than in oneself



Choice supportive bias Naive realism

Sub-additivity bias Contrast effect

Survivorship

False

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Cross-race **Belief bias**

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Courtesy bias

In-group bias

Loss

The Zero-sum

Aversion

Weber-Fechner law Cultural bias



-Nobody proved that there is life on another planets, so there is no life outside Earth.

-Nobody proved there is NO life outside Earth, so we can say there is life outside Earth.

Appeal to ignorance

ARISTOTLE

ON SOPHISTICAL
REFUTATIONS
ON COMING-TO-BE AND
PASSING-AWAY

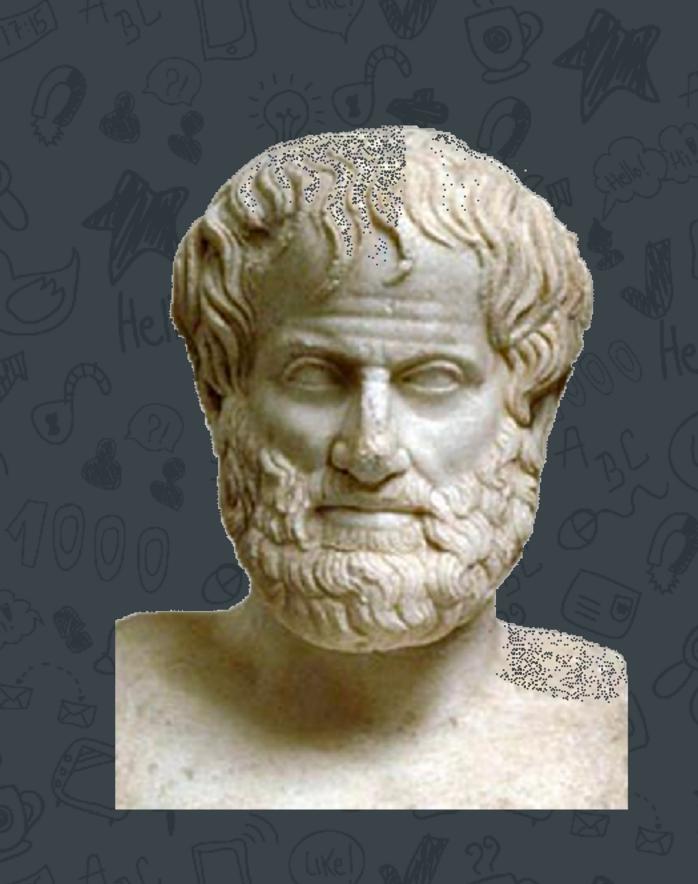
TRANSLATED BY E. S. FORSTER

ON THE COSMOS

TRANSLATED BY D. J. FURLEY



HARVARD UNIVERSITY PRESS CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS LONDON, ENGLAND





- If bikes were useful, we wouldn't have cars on the streets.

Appeal to ridicule

Let's put bikes on the streets so people can pick them anytime and pay with an app.

- If bikes were useful, we wouldn't have cars on the streets.

 Appeal to ridicule
- Cars are so 2018. Bikes and scooter are awesome! Argumentum ad novitatem - Appeal to novelty

Let's put bikes on the streets so people can pick them anytime and pay with an app.

- If bikes were useful, we wouldn't have cars on the streets.

 Appeal to ridicule
- Cars are so 2018. Bikes are awesome! Argumentum ad novitatem - Appeal to novelty
- But, if we offer bycicles, soon people will claim for scooters, rollers, jet skis, etc. We can't afford that.

 Slippery slope



IF MARIJUANA GOES LEGAL, SCENES LIKE THIS WILL BE COMMON

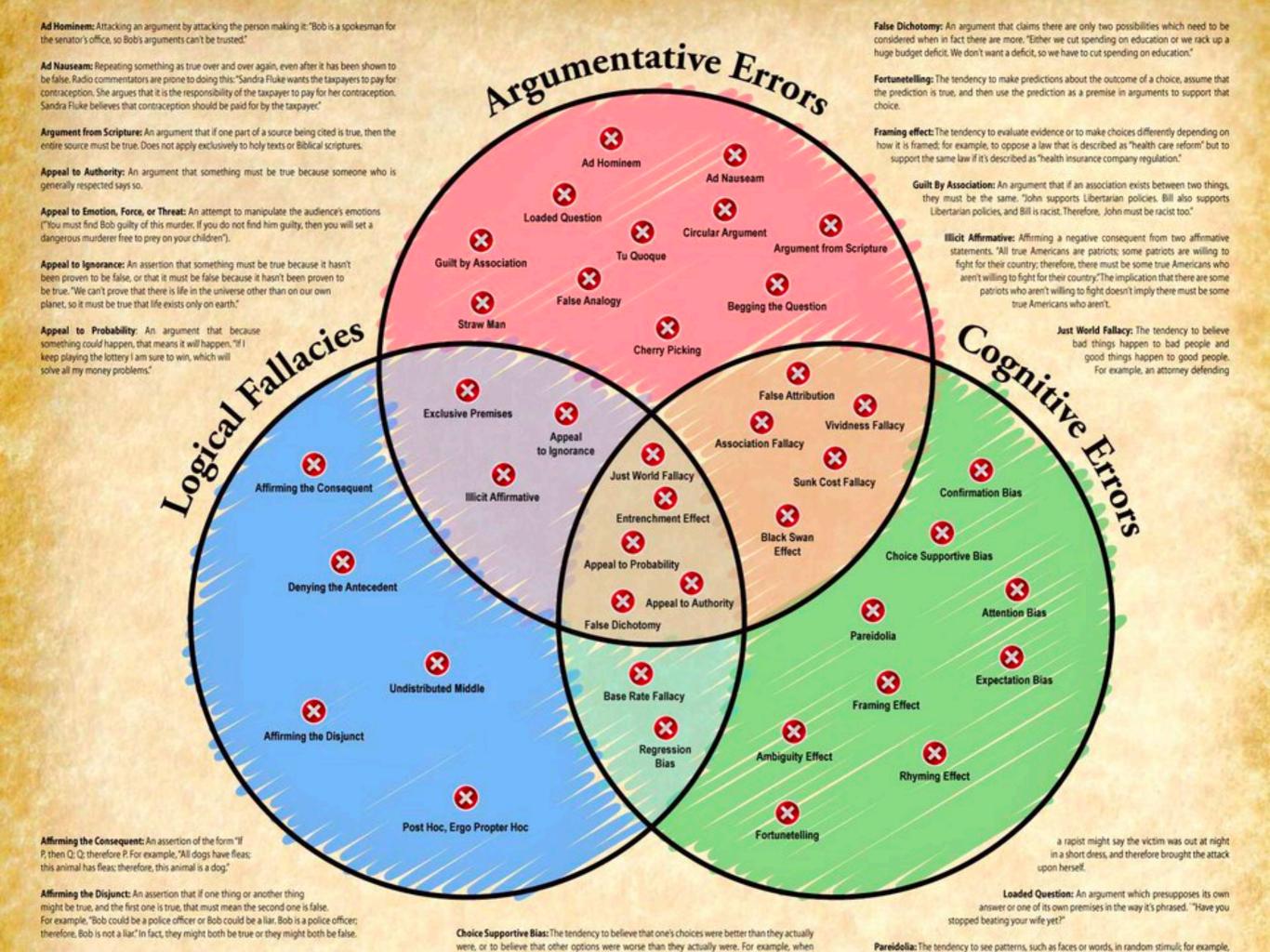
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- But, if we offer bycicles, soon people will claim for scooters, rollers, etc. We can't afford that.

 Slippery slope
- Bycicles are really famous in China!

 Argumentum ad populum Appeal to popularity



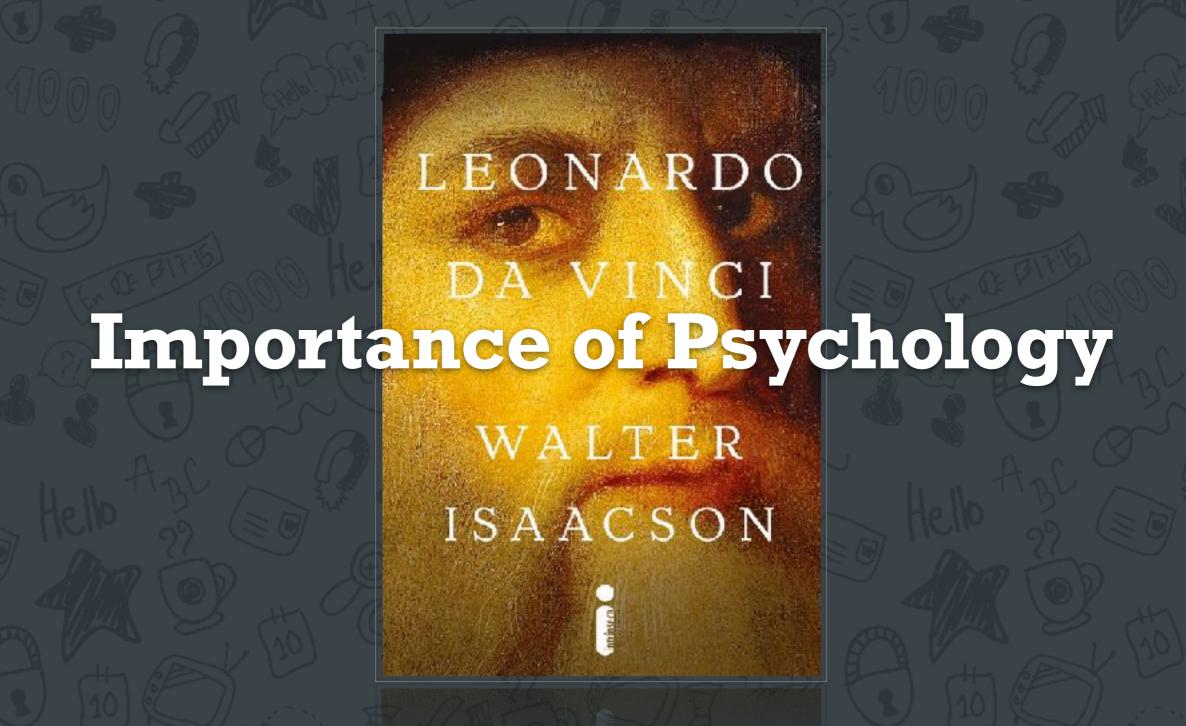
Importance of Psychology

Gestalt (briefly)

Biases

Fallacies

Importance of Psychology



Thank you!!!



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